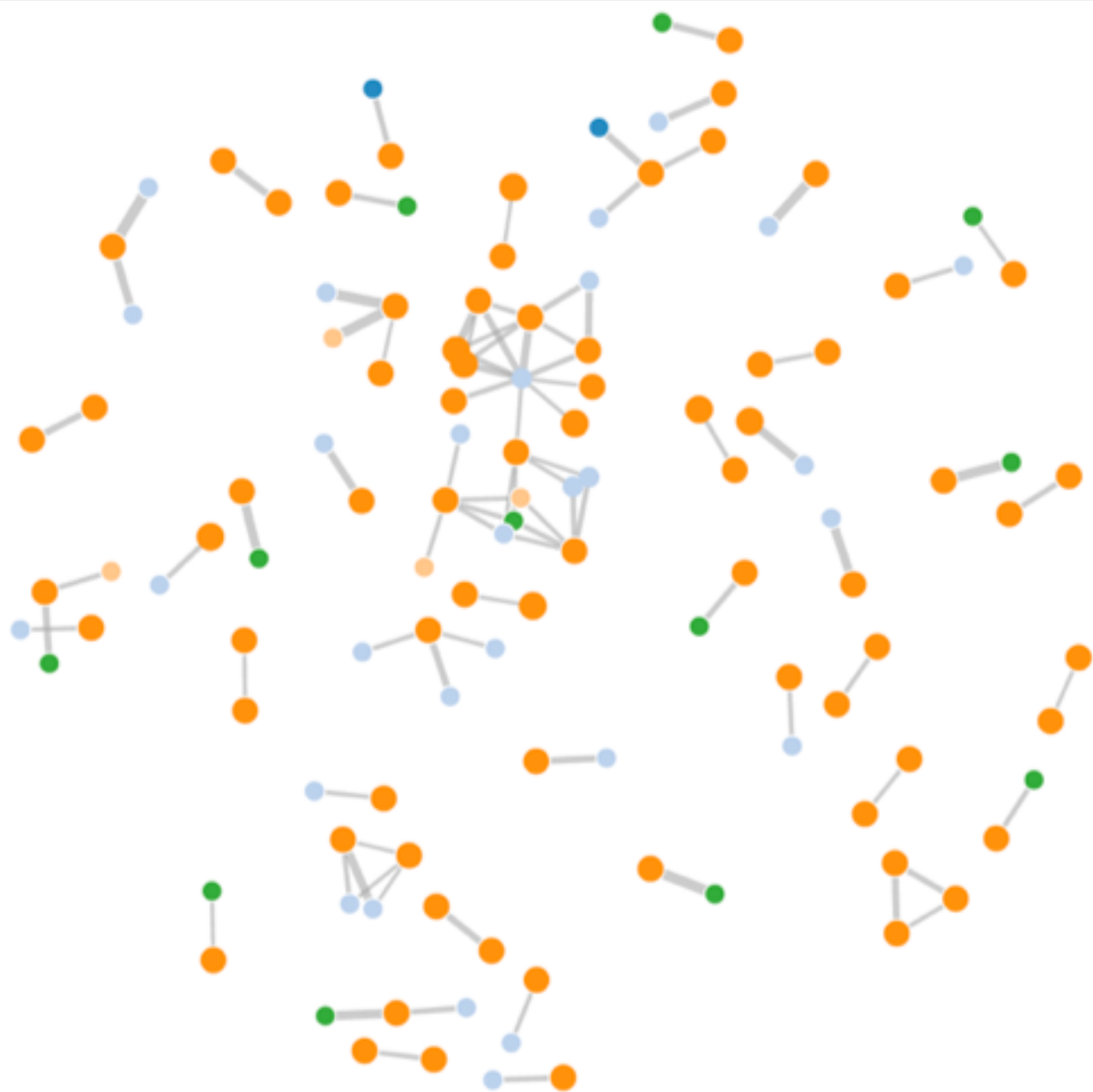




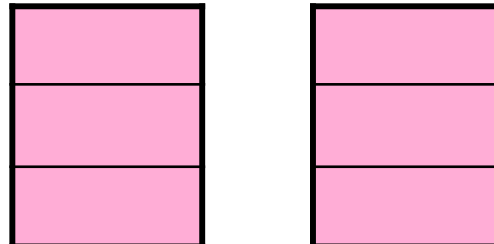
Announcements

MP1, HW0 available, due 1/27, 11:59p.

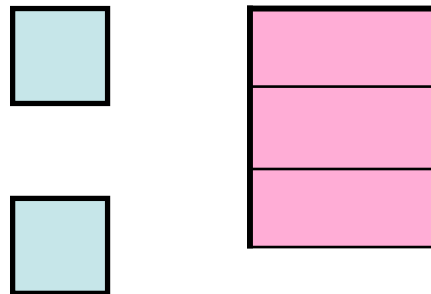
Exam1: 1/29-2/1

Pointers and objects:

```
face a, b;  
... // init b  
a = b;  
a.setName("ann");  
b.getName();
```



```
face * c, * d;  
... // init *d  
c = d;  
(*c).setName("carlos");  
d->getName();
```



```
class face {  
public:  
    void setName(string n);  
    string getName();  
    ...  
private:  
    string name;  
    PNG pic;  
    boolean done;  
};
```

Arrays: static (stackic)

```
int x[5];
```

Stack memory

[illegible]

Arrays: dynamic (heap)

```
int * x;
```

```
int size = 3;
```

```
x = new int[size];
```

```
for(int i=0, i<size, i++)
```

```
x[i] = i + 3;
```

```
delete [] x;
```

Stack memory

[illegible]

Heap memory

[illegible]

A point to ponder: How is my garden implemented?

```
class garden{  
public:  
...  
// all the public members  
...  
private:  
    flower ** plot;  
    // other stuff  
};
```

Option 1:

Option 2:

Option 3:

5

Option 4:

Parameter passing:

```
struct student {  
    string name;  
    PNG mug;  
    bool printed; // print flag  
};
```

What happens when we
run code like this:

```
int main() {  
    student a;  
    print_student1(a);  
}
```

?

```
bool print_student1(student s){  
    if (!s.printed)  
        cout << s.name << endl;  
    return true;  
}
```

Parameter passing:

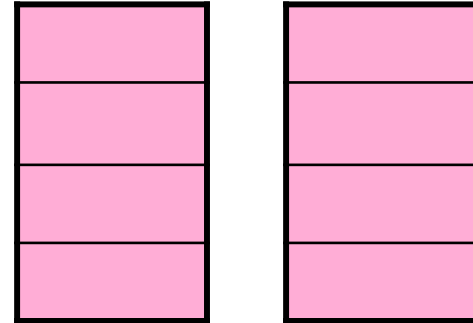
```
struct student {  
    string name;  
    PNG mug;  
    bool printed; // print flag  
};
```

Function defn

```
bool print_student1(student s){  
    if (!s.printed)  
        cout << s.name << endl;  
    return true;  
}
```

Example of use

```
student a;  
... // initialize a  
a.printed = print_student1(a);  
cout << a.printed << endl;
```



Parameter passing:

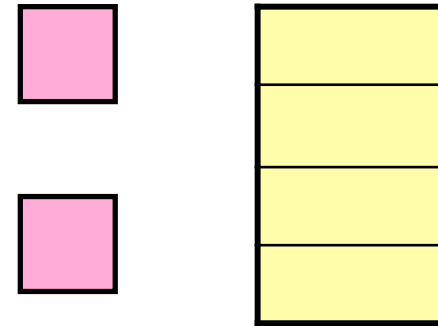
```
struct student {  
    string name;  
    PNG mug;  
    bool printed; // print flag  
};
```

Function defn

```
void print_student2(student s){  
    if (! s.printed)  
        cout << s.name << endl;  
}
```

Example of use

```
student * b;  
... // initialize b  
print_student2(b);  
cout << b.printed << endl;
```



Parameter passing:

```
struct student {  
    string name;  
    PNG mug;  
    bool printed; // print flag  
};
```

Function defn

```
void print_student3(student s){  
    if (! s.printed)  
        cout << s.name << endl;  
}
```

Example of use

```
student c;  
... // initialize c  
print_student3(c);  
cout << c.printed << endl;
```

